The right-handed sneutrino Cold Dark Matter

Jonathan Da Silva

Laboratoire d'Annecy-le-Vieux de Physique Théorique Beginning of 2nd year of PhD, Annecy-le-Vieux G. Bélanger, J. Da Silva and A. Pukhov, arXiv:1110.2414v1 [hep-ph]







Outline

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Motivations

- Dark Matter and supersymmetry
- Some candidates

The model

- Contents
- Constraints

3

CDM interactions

- WIMP annihilation
- Scattering on nucleons

Some results

- Characteristics of the global scan
- Output

Conclusion and perspectives

Motivations



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2) The mode

- Contents
- Constraints

CDM interactions

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Some results

Characteristics of the global scanOutput

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\Rightarrow Dark Matter candidates in supersymmetric models

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2) The mode

- Contents
- Constraints

CDM interactions

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Some results

Characteristics of the global scanOutput

Conclusion and perspectives

Assuming R-parity :

- 2 WIMPs candidates in the MSSM :
 - Lightest neutralino : a lot of studies \Rightarrow good DM candidate
 - ▶ LH sneutrino : too high coupling with $Z^0 \Rightarrow$ don't satisfy experimental constraints on spin independent direct detection \Rightarrow bad DM candidate

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 \Rightarrow This candidate couples to new vector, scalar field, adding a new abelian gauge group

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Motivations

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The model

- Contents
- Constraints

CDM interactions

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- Scattering on nucleons

Some results

Characteristics of the global scanOutput

Conclusion and perspectives

- Symmetry group : $SU(3)_c \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \times U'(1)$ Coupling constants associated : g_3 , g_2 , g_Y and $g'_1 = g_1 = \sqrt{\frac{5}{3}}g_Y$
- U'(1) stem from E_6 model

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• Gauginos sector : 6 neutralinos in the basis $(\widetilde{B}, \widetilde{W}^3, \widetilde{H}^0_d, \widetilde{H}^0_u, \widetilde{S}, \widetilde{B'})$

Relevant free parameters : $M_{\tilde{\nu}_R}$, μ , A_{λ} , M_{Z_2} , θ_{E_6} , α_Z , M_1 , M'_1 . Soft terms at 2 TeV

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- Some candidates

2 The model

- Contents
- Constraints

CDM interactions

- WIMP annihilation
- Scattering on nucleons

Some results

Characteristics of the global scanOutput

Conclusion and perspectives

On our CDM candidate :

- Relic density at 3σ with $\Omega_{_{WIMP}}h^2 = 0.1123 \pm 0.0035$
- Spin independent direct detection cross section



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- New Z boson mass constraints from ATLAS :

| Q' choice | Q_{ψ} | Q_N | Q_η | Q_{I} | Q_S | Q_{χ} |
|-----------------|------------|-------|----------|---------|-------|------------|
| M_{Z_2} (TeV) | 1.49 | 1.52 | 1.54 | 1.56 | 1.60 | 1.64 |

•
$$Z^0$$
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- B mesons physics constraints : ΔM_{d,s} mass differences (code adapted from a NMSSMTools routine)

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Motivations

- Dark Matter and supersymmetry
- Some candidates

2) The mode

- Contents
- Constraints



CDM interactions

WIMP annihilation

Scattering on nucleons

Some results

Characteristics of the global scanOutput

Conclusion and perspectives

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 $\chi^{0}_{1.2}$ Jonathan Da Silva (LAPTH) h_1

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Motivations

- Dark Matter and supersymmetry
- Some candidates

2) The mode

- Contents
- Constraints



CDM interactions

- WIMP annihilation
- Scattering on nucleons

Some result

Characteristics of the global scanOutput

Conclusion and perspectives

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Motivations

- Dark Matter and supersymmetry
- Some candidates

2) The mode

- Contents
- Constraints

CDM interactions

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Some results

- Characteristics of the global scan
- Output

Conclusion and perspectives

Characteristics of the global scan

| Fixed parameters | | | | Free parameters | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|----------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Soft terms | | | | Name | Domain of variation | |
| m _{Qi} | 2 TeV | m _{Li} | 2 TeV | $M_{\tilde{\nu}_R}$ | [0, 1.5] TeV | |
| $m_{\overline{u}_i}$ | 2 TeV | $m_{\overline{d}_i}$ | 2 TeV | M_{Z_2} | [1.3, 3] TeV | |
| m _{ēi} | 2 TeV | $m_{\bar{\nu}_i}$ | 2 TeV | μ | [0.1, 2] TeV | |
| $i \in \{1, 2, 3\}, j \in \{1, 2\}$ | | | | A_{λ} | [0, 2] TeV | |
| Trilinear couplings $+ M_K$ | | | ⊢ M _K | θ_{E_6} | [- $\pi/2$, $\pi/2$] rad | |
| At | 1 TeV | A _b | 0 TeV | α_Z | $[-3.10^{-3}, 3.10^{-3}]$ rad | |
| Ac | 0 TeV | As | 0 TeV | <i>M</i> ₁ | [0.1, 2] TeV | |
| Au | 0 TeV | A_d | 0 TeV | M'_1 | [0.1, 2] TeV | |
| A | 0 TeV | M_K | 1 eV | $M_2 = 2M_1$ et $M_3 = 6M_1$ | | |

Motivations

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2) The mode

- Contents
- Constraints

CDM interactions

- WIMP annihilation
- Scattering on nucleons

4

Some results

- Characteristics of the global scan
- Output

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Interesting WIMP mass from 50 GeV to TeV-scale , for following processes :

- *h*₁ resonance
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Lower is $|\theta_{E_6}|$, higher are Z_2 processes in direct detection cross section \Rightarrow huge constraint

Large SUSY corrections proportional to $\frac{1}{t_{o}^4}$ \Rightarrow small values of t_{β} very constrained by ΔM_s :



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2) The mode

- Contents
- Constraints

CDM interactions

- WIMP annihilation
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Some results

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- Output

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it respects experimental limits in the case of some processes :

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- This model could be also tested with indirect detection, other flavour physics observables, ...
- More careful study of the UMSSM Higgs sector in preparation
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Thanks for your attention !

BACKUP

UMSSM fields

| Chiral supermultiplets | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Supermultiplets | | spin 0 | spin 1/2 | $SU(3)_c, SU(2)_L, U(1)_Y, U'(1)$ | | | |
| squarks, quarks | Q | $(\widetilde{u}_L \ \widetilde{d}_L)$ | $(u_L \ d_L)$ | $(3, 2, \frac{1}{6}, Q'_Q)$ | | | |
| (3 families) | ū | \widetilde{u}_R^* | ū _R | $(\bar{3}, 1, -\frac{2}{3}, \mathbf{Q}'_{u})$ | | | |
| | ā | \widetilde{d}_R^* | \bar{d}_R | $(\bar{3}, 1, \frac{1}{3}, Q'_d)$ | | | |
| sleptons, leptons | L | $(\widetilde{\nu}_L \ \widetilde{e}_L)$ | $(\nu_L \ e_L)$ | $(1, 2, -\frac{1}{2}, Q'_L)$ | | | |
| (3 families) | $\bar{\nu}$ | $\widetilde{\nu}_R^*$ | $\bar{\nu}_R$ | $(1, 1, 0, Q'_{\overline{\nu}})$ | | | |
| | ē | \widetilde{e}_R^* | ē _R | $(1, 1, \frac{1}{6}, Q'_e)$ | | | |
| Higgs, higgsinos | Hu | $(H_{u}^{+} H_{u}^{0})$ | $(\widetilde{H}^+_u \ \widetilde{H}^0_u)$ | $(1, 2, \frac{1}{2}, Q'_{H_{\mu}})$ | | | |
| | H _d | $(H^0_d \ H^d)$ | $(\widetilde{H}^0_d \ \widetilde{H}^d)$ | $(1, 2, -\frac{1}{2}, Q'_{H_d})$ | | | |
| | S | 5 | ŝ | $(1, 1, 0, Q'_S)$ | | | |
| Vector supermultiplets | | | | | | | |
| Supermultiplets | | spin 1/2 | spin 1 | $SU(3)_c$, $SU(2)_L$, $U(1)_Y$, $U'(1)$ | | | |
| gluino, gluon | | ĝ | g | (8, 1, 0, 0) | | | |
| winos, W bosons | | $\widetilde{W}^{\pm} \widetilde{W}^3$ | $W^{\pm} W^3$ | (1 , 3 , 0, 0) | | | |
| bino, B boson | | Ĩ | В | (1, 1, 0, 0) | | | |
| bino', B' boson | | Β̈́′ | Β' | (1, 1, 0, 0) | | | |

Some new lagrangian terms

Superpotential :

$$W_{MSSM} = \bar{u}y_u QH_u - \bar{d}y_d QH_d - \bar{e}y_e LH_d + \mu H_u H_d$$
$$W_{UMSSM} = W_{MSSM}(\mu = 0) + \lambda SH_u H_d + \bar{\nu}y_\nu LH_u$$

Soft supersymmetry breaking :

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{L}_{soft}^{MSSM} &= -\frac{1}{2} (M_3 \widetilde{g} \widetilde{g} + M_2 \widetilde{W} \widetilde{W} + M_1 \widetilde{B} \widetilde{B} + \text{c.c.}) \\ &- (\widetilde{u}_R^* a_u \widetilde{Q} H_u - \widetilde{d}_R^* a_d \widetilde{Q} H_d - \widetilde{e}_R^* a_e \widetilde{L} H_d + \text{c.c.}) \\ &- \widetilde{Q}^\dagger m_Q^2 \widetilde{Q} - \widetilde{L}^\dagger m_L^2 \widetilde{L} - \widetilde{u}_R^* m_{\widetilde{e}}^2 \widetilde{u}_R - \widetilde{d}_R^* m_{\widetilde{d}}^2 \widetilde{d}_R - \widetilde{e}_R^* m_{\widetilde{e}}^2 \widetilde{e}_R \\ &- m_{H_u}^2 H_u^\dagger H_u - m_{H_d}^2 H_d^\dagger H_d - (bH_u H_d + \text{c.c.}) \\ \mathcal{L}_{soft}^{UMSSM} &= \mathcal{L}_{soft}^{MSSM} (b = 0) - \left(\frac{1}{2} M_1' \widetilde{B'} \widetilde{B'} + M_K \widetilde{B} \widetilde{B'} + \widetilde{\nu}_R^* a_\nu \widetilde{L} H_u + \text{c.c.}\right) \\ &- \widetilde{\nu}_R^* m_{\widetilde{\nu}}^2 \widetilde{\nu}_R - (\lambda A_\lambda S H_u H_d + \text{c.c.}) - m_S^2 S^* S \end{split}$$

LanHEP, A. Semenov, arXiv :0805.0555v1 [hep-ph]

Reason of constrained t_{β}

$$\begin{split} M_Z^2 &= M_{Z_1}^2 \cos^2 \alpha_{ZZ'} + M_{Z_2}^2 \sin^2 \alpha_{ZZ'} \\ M_{Z'}^2 &= M_{Z_1}^2 \sin^2 \alpha_{ZZ'} + M_{Z_2}^2 \cos^2 \alpha_{ZZ'}. \end{split}$$

$$\tan 2\alpha_{ZZ'} = \frac{2\Delta^2}{M_{Z'}^2 - M_Z^2} \quad \Longrightarrow \quad \sin 2\alpha_{ZZ'} = \frac{2\Delta^2}{M_{Z_2}^2 - M_{Z_1}^2}$$

∜

Knowing that

$$\Delta^2 = rac{g_1'\sqrt{g'^2+g_2^2}}{2} v^2 (Q_2' s_eta^2 - Q_1' c_eta^2),$$

∜

$$c_{eta}^2 = rac{1}{Q_1' + Q_2'} \left(rac{\sin 2lpha_{ZZ'}(M_{Z_1}^2 - M_{Z_2}^2)}{ v^2 g_1' \sqrt{g'^2 + g_2^2}} + Q_2'
ight).$$

BACKUP

Higgs masses

$$\begin{split} m_{A0}^2 &= \frac{\lambda A_\lambda \sqrt{2}}{\sin 2\phi} \mathbf{v} + \Delta_{EA} & \tan \phi = \frac{\mathbf{v} \sin 2\beta}{2\mathbf{v}_s} \\ m_{H\pm}^2 &= \frac{\lambda A_\lambda \sqrt{2}}{\sin 2\beta} \mathbf{v}_s - \frac{\lambda^2}{2} \mathbf{v}^2 + \frac{g_2^2}{2} \mathbf{v}^2 + \Delta_{\pm} & \tan \beta = \frac{\mathbf{v}_u}{\mathbf{v}_d} \\ M_{CPeven}^2 &: \\ \left(\mathcal{M}_+^0\right)_{11} &= \left[\frac{(g'^2 + g_2^2)^2}{4} + Q_1'^2 g_1'^2\right] (\mathbf{v}c_\beta)^2 + \frac{\lambda A_\lambda t_\beta \mathbf{v}_s}{\sqrt{2}} + \Delta_{11} \\ \left(\mathcal{M}_+^0\right)_{12} &= -\left[\frac{(g'^2 + g_2^2)^2}{4} - \lambda^2 - Q_1' Q_2' g_1'^2\right] \mathbf{v}^2 s_\beta c_\beta - \frac{\lambda A_\lambda \mathbf{v}_s}{\sqrt{2}} + \Delta_{12} \\ \left(\mathcal{M}_+^0\right)_{13} &= \left[\lambda^2 + Q_1' Q_3' g_{1'}^2\right] \mathbf{v}c_\beta \mathbf{v}_s - \frac{\lambda A_\lambda \mathbf{v}s_\beta}{\sqrt{2}} + \Delta_{13} \\ \left(\mathcal{M}_+^0\right)_{22} &= \left[\frac{(g'^2 + g_2^2)^2}{4} + Q_2'^2 g_1'^2\right] (\mathbf{v}s_\beta)^2 + \frac{\lambda A_\lambda \mathbf{v}_s}{t_\beta \sqrt{2}} + \Delta_{22} \\ \left(\mathcal{M}_+^0\right)_{23} &= \left[\lambda^2 + Q_2' Q_3' g_1'^2\right] \mathbf{v}s_\beta \mathbf{v}_s - \frac{\lambda A_\lambda \mathbf{v}c_\beta}{\sqrt{2}} + \Delta_{23} \\ \left(\mathcal{M}_+^0\right)_{33} &= Q_3'^2 g_1'^2 \mathbf{v}_s^2 + \frac{\lambda A_\lambda \mathbf{v}^2 s_\beta c_\beta}{\mathbf{v}_s \sqrt{2}} + \Delta_{33} \end{split}$$

Vernon Barger, Paul Langacker, Hye-Sung Lee and Gabe Shaughnessy, arXiv :hep-ph/0603247v3

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Tests on the RH sneutrino dark matter

Direct detection constraint

2

Abelian gauge boson contribution to direct detection :

$$\begin{split} \sigma_{\tilde{\nu}_R N}^{Z_1, Z_2} &= \frac{\mu_{\tilde{\nu}_R N}^2}{\pi} (g_1' Q_{\tilde{\nu}}')^2 [(y(1 - 4s_W^2) + y')Z + (-y + 2y')(A - Z)]^2 \\ \text{with } y &= \frac{g' \sin \alpha_Z \cos \alpha_Z}{4 \sin \theta_W} \left(\frac{1}{M_{Z_2}^2} - \frac{1}{M_{Z_1}^2}\right), \ y' &= -\frac{g_1'}{2} Q_V'^d \left(\frac{\sin^2 \alpha_Z}{M_{Z_1}^2} + \frac{\cos^2 \alpha_Z}{M_{Z_2}^2}\right) \end{split}$$



Coannihilation with sfermions

Sparticles sector :

$$M_{f}^{2} = \begin{pmatrix} m_{soft}^{2} + m_{f}^{2} + M_{Z0}^{2} \cos 2\beta (l_{f}^{3} - e_{f} \sin^{2} \theta_{W}) + \Delta_{f} & m_{f} (A_{f} - \mu(t_{\beta})^{-2l_{f}^{3}}) \\ m_{f} (A_{f} - \mu(t_{\beta})^{-2l_{f}^{3}}) & m_{\overline{soft}}^{2} + M_{Z0}^{2} \cos 2\beta (l_{f}^{3} - e_{\overline{f}} \sin^{2} \theta_{W}) + m_{f}^{2} + \Delta_{\overline{f}} \end{pmatrix}$$

where $\Delta_f = \frac{1}{2} {g'_1}^2 Q'_f (Q'_{H_d} v_d^2 + Q'_{H_u} v_u^2 + Q'_S v_s^2) \Rightarrow \text{Coannihilations}:$

 $heta_{E_6} > 0$: generally $ilde{t_1}$ $heta_{E_6} < 0$: generally RH down sqarks